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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/748,502	12/26/2000	Norio Yasunishi	55510(840)	4102

7590

12/31/2002

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EXAMINER

LANEAU, RONALD

ART UNIT

PAPER NUMBER

2674

DATE MAILED: 12/31/2002

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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Office Action Summary	Application No. 09/748,502	Applicant(s) YASUNISHI ET AL.	
	Examiner Ronald Laneau	Art Unit 2674	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --
Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
- Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 26 December 2000.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-20 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1,3-8,10-16,18-23 and 25-30 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☒ Claim(s) 2,9,17 and 24 is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☒ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☒ The drawing(s) filed on 26 December 2000 is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☒ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
- 11) ☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on _____ is: a) ☐ approved b) ☐ disapproved by the Examiner.
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.
- 12) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120

- 13) ☒ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
a) ☒ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☒ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
- * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.
- 14) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.
- 15) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.

Attachment(s)

- 1) ☒ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
- 2) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
- 3) ☒ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) 2.
- 4) ☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s). _____.
- 5) ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
- 6) ☐ Other: _____.

DETAILED ACTION

1. Claims 1-30 are presented for Examination. The results of the examination are the followings.

Drawings

2. Figures 14A, 14B, 14C, and 15 should be designated by a legend such as **--Prior Art--** because only that which is old is illustrated. See MPEP § 608.02(g). A proposed drawing correction or corrected drawings are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

Specification

3. Applicant is reminded of the proper language and format for an abstract of the disclosure.

The abstract should be in narrative form and generally limited to a single paragraph on a separate sheet within the range of 50 to 150 words. It is important that the abstract not exceed 150 words in length since the space provided for the abstract on the computer tape used by the printer is limited. The form and legal phraseology often used in patent claims, such as "means" and "said," should be avoided. The abstract should describe the disclosure sufficiently to assist readers in deciding whether there is a need for consulting the full patent text for details.

The language should be clear and concise and should not repeat information given in the title. It should avoid using phrases which can be implied, such as, "The disclosure concerns," "The disclosure defined by this invention," "The disclosure describes," etc.

4. The abstract of the disclosure is objected to because it contains more than 150 words.

Correction is required. See MPEP § 608.01(b).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

5. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(e) the invention was described in-

(1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effect under this subsection of a national application published under section 122(b) only if the international application designating the United States was published under Article 21(2)(a) of such treaty in the English language; or

(2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that a patent shall not be deemed filed in the United States for the purposes of this subsection based on the filing of an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a).

6. Claims 1, 3-8, 10-16, 18-23, and 25-30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Ueno et al (US 6,320,562).

As per claim 1, Ueno et al teach an STN liquid crystal display device including a plurality of row electrodes and a plurality of column electrodes 8U and 8L, a scanning voltage being applied to each of the plurality of electrodes 7, a signal voltage from the selector circuit 6 applied to each of the plurality of column electrodes, and the plurality of row electrodes intersecting the plurality of column electrodes. Further, Ueno et al teach determining, for each of the plurality of column electrodes, compensation arithmetic circuit 5 (correction data or voltage) for correcting the signal voltage based on the amount of an increase or decrease in a root-mean-square (RMS) voltage (i.e. effective voltage value) between the plurality of row and column electrodes, applying a compensation arithmetic circuit 5 (correction data or voltage) to a plurality of column electrodes 8U and 8L in accordance with the compensation arithmetic circuit 5 (correction voltage) (col. 22, lines 36-41 and 64-66, see fig. 1). Ueno et al teach two kinds of cross-talk caused by a changed in a data voltage waveform (blunt waveform) i.e. waveform

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caused by waveform distortion and cross-talk from distortion induced toward the side of the row electrodes (col. 22, lines 20-24, see fig. 1).

As per claim 3, Ueno et al teach a compensation arithmetic circuit that is determined based on a position of each of the plurality of column electrodes as claimed (see fig. 1, 5, 8U, 8L).

As per claim 4, Ueno et al teach detecting a change in the voltage applied to each of the column electrodes to be inherently a digital amount and outputting the digital amount to each of the plurality of column electrodes through the compensation circuit 5 (col. 8, lines 7-16).

As per claims 5, a method wherein an increment or decrement of the effective voltage value is an increment or decrement of an effective voltage value due to an induced distortion of the scanning voltage (col. 22, lines 19-41), and step c) further comprising the step of detecting, for each of the plurality of column electrodes, a change in the signal voltage based on a row driver control signal, and n^{th} row display data and $(n-1)^{\text{th}}$ row display data (see fig. 1, 71, 72).

As per claim 6, Ueno et al teach detecting a change in the signal voltage for each of the plurality of column electrodes, a look-up table 52 (LUT) seen in figure 3 that does the calculation for each of the plurality of column electrodes an induced distortion correction amount based on the induced distortion count value representing the total change in the signal voltage over the plurality of column electrodes (col. 22, lines 19-41, see fig. 1, 7, 8U, 8L).

As per claims 7 and 8, Ueno et al teach a look-up table 52 (LUT) seen in figure 3 that does the calculation for each of the plurality of column electrodes an induced distortion correction amount based on the induced distortion count value and a lateral position count value

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representing a position of each of the plurality of column electrodes in a lateral direction as claimed along the plurality of row electrodes (col. 22, lines 19-41, see fig. 1, 7, 8U, 8L).

As per claims 10-12, a method wherein an increment or decrement of the effective voltage value is an increment or decrement of an effective voltage value due to blunt waveform of the scanning voltage and based on the signal voltage (col. 22, lines 19-41), and step c) further comprising the step of detecting, for each of the plurality of column electrodes, a change in the signal voltage based on a row driver control signal, and n^{th} row display data and $(n-1)^{\text{th}}$ row display data (see fig. 1, 71, 72).

As per claim 13, Ueno et al teach a liquid crystal display comprising a compensation arithmetic circuit 5 (correction data or voltage) capable of performing two-way gray-scale display (gradation phenomenon) including a gray-scale display by frame based on a lateral position count value representing a position of the plurality of column electrodes along the plurality of row electrodes as claimed (col. 22, lines 9-18, see fig. 1, 7, 8U, 8L).

As per claims 14 and 15, Ueno et al teach a liquid crystal display whose gray-scale process is pulse width modulation (width and amplitude) for each compensation arithmetic circuit (correction voltage) used (col. 22, lines 12-18).

As per claim 16, it is an apparatus claim corresponding to the method claim 1 and is therefore rejected on the same basis set forth in claim 1.

As per claim 18, it is an apparatus claim corresponding to the method claim 3 and is therefore rejected on the same basis set forth in claim 3.

As per claim 19, it is an apparatus claim corresponding to the method claim 4 and is therefore rejected on the same basis set forth in claim 4.

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As per claim 20, it is an apparatus claim corresponding to the method claim 5 and is therefore rejected on the same basis set forth in claim 5.

As per claim 21, it is an apparatus claim corresponding to the method claim 6 and is therefore rejected on the same basis set forth in claim 6.

As per claims 22 and 23, they are apparatus claims corresponding to the method claims 7 and 8 and are therefore rejected on the same basis set forth in claims 7 and 8.

As per claims 25-27, they are apparatus claims corresponding to the method claims 10-12 and are therefore rejected on the same basis set forth in claims 10-12.

As per claim 28, it is an apparatus claim corresponding to the method claim 13 and is therefore rejected on the same basis set forth in claim 13.

As per claim 29, it is an apparatus claim corresponding to the method claim 14 and is therefore rejected on the same basis set forth in claim 14.

As per claim 30, it is an apparatus claim corresponding to the method claim 15 and is therefore rejected on the same basis set forth in claim 15.

Allowable Subject Matter

7. Claims 2, 9, 17, and 24 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

The prior art, Ueno et al, discloses conventional liquid crystal display and a method of applying a compensation voltage for correcting the voltage applied to the column electrodes, either singularly or in combination, teaches or even suggests:

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As per claim 2, a method wherein the correction voltage is applied to each of the plurality of column electrodes in a correction period, and the correction period is equal to m horizontal scanning periods is provided in L horizontal scanning periods where L is an integer greater than or equal to 2 and m is an integer more than 0 and less than L .

As per claim 9, a method wherein the correction voltage is applied to each of the plurality of column electrodes in a correction period, and the correction period equal to m horizontal scanning periods where L is an integer greater than or equal to 2 and m is an integer more than 0 and less than L , and

step a) further comprises the step of adding or subtracting an error between the correction data and the induced distortion correction amount, the correction data being applied to each of the plurality of column electrodes, to or from an induced distortion correction amount corresponding to a next correction period.

As per claim 17, a device further comprising a timing control circuit for providing a correction period, wherein the correction voltage is applied to each of the plurality of column electrodes in the correction period, and the correction period equal to m horizontal scanning periods is provided in L horizontal scanning periods where L is an integer greater than or equal to 2 and m is an integer more than 0 and less than L .

As per claim 24, a method wherein the correction voltage is applied to each of the plurality of column electrodes in a correction period, and the correction period equal to m horizontal scanning periods where L is an integer greater than or equal to 2 and m is an integer more than 0 and less than L , and

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the correction operation circuit further comprises an adding or subtracting an error between the correction data and the induced distortion correction amount, the correction data being applied to each of the plurality of column electrodes, to or from an induced distortion correction amount corresponding to a next correction period.

8. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

- Francis (US 5,841,411) an active matrix liquid crystal display device with cross-talk compensation of data signals.
- Bitzakidis et al (US 5,798,740) teach a liquid crystal display in which data values are adjusted for cross-talk using other data values in the same column.
- Asari et al (US 5,644,329) teach a display apparatus wherein the light transmittance of a pixel selected by a scanning electrode and a data electrode is changed in response to the difference of voltages applied to the scanning electrode and the data electrodes.

9. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Ronald Laneau whose telephone number is 703-305-3973. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday from 8:00 AM to 6:00 PM or via email: ronald.laneau@uspto.gov.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Richard Hjerpe can be reached at 703-305-4709.

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10. **Any response to this action should be mailed to:**

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks

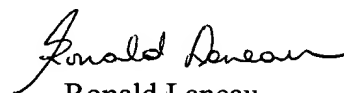
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or faxed to:

(703) 872-9314 (for Technology Center 2600 only)

Hand-delivered responses should be brought to Crystal Park II, 2121 Crystal Drive,
Arlington, VA, Sixth Floor (Receptionist).

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding
should be directed to the Technology Center 2600 Customer Service Office whose telephone
number is (703) 306-0377.



Ronald Laneau
Examiner
Art Unit 2674

rl
December 26, 2002

Notice of References Cited	Application/Control No. 09/748,502	Applicant(s)/Patent Under Reexamination YASUNISHI ET AL.	
	Examiner Ronald Laneau	Art Unit 2674	Page 1 of 1

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

*		Document Number Country Code-Number-Kind Code	Date MM-YYYY	Name	Classification
	A	US-6,320,562	11-2001	Ueno et al.	345/87
	B	US-5,841,411	11-1998	Francis, Andrew M.	345/58
	C	US-5,798,740	08-1998	Bitzakidis et al.	345/92
	D	US-5,644,329	07-1997	Asari et al.	345/89
	E	US-			
	F	US-			
	G	US-			
	H	US-			
	I	US-			
	J	US-			
	K	US-			
	L	US-			
	M	US-			

FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS

*		Document Number Country Code-Number-Kind Code	Date MM-YYYY	Country	Name	Classification
	N					
	O					
	P					
	Q					
	R					
	S					
	T					

NON-PATENT DOCUMENTS

*		Include as applicable: Author, Title Date, Publisher, Edition or Volume, Pertinent Pages)
	U	
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*A copy of this reference is not being furnished with this Office action. (See MPEP § 707.05(a).)
Dates in MM-YYYY format are publication dates. Classifications may be US or foreign.

U.S. PTO
09/748502
12/26/00

FORM PTO-1449 INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT	ATTY DOCKET NO. 55510 (840)	SERIAL NO Not Assigned
	APPLICANT(S): N. Yasunishi, et al	
	FILING DATE: Filed Herewith	ART UNIT: Not Assigned

UNITED STATES PATENT DOCUMENTS

EXAM. INITIAL		DOCUMENT NUMBER	DATE	NAME	CLASS	SUB CLASS	FIL. DATE IF APPR

FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS

		DOCUMENT NUMBER	DATE	COUNTRY	CLASS	SUB CLASS	TRAN YES/NO
RU	BA	11-52326	2/26/99	Japan	—		See English Abstract
RU	BB	11-84342	3/26/99	Japan	—		See English Abstract
RU	BC	6-27899	2/4/94	Japan	—		See English Abstract

OTHER DOCUMENTS (INCLUDING AUTHOR, TITLE, DATE, PERTINENT PAGES, ETC.)

Examiner: <i>Ronald Benen</i>	Date: <i>12/24/02</i>